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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/579,690	03/06/2007	Oskar Zelder	BGI-158US	4903
	7590 05/14/200 CKFIELD, LLP		EXAMINER	
ONE POST OF	FICE SQUARE		CHOWDHURY, IQBAL HOSSAIN	
BOSTON, MA 02109-2127			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1652	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			05/14/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Comments	10/579,690	ZELDER ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	IQBAL H. CHOWDHURY	1652				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence add	lress			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 1 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on						
	-· action is non-final.					
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	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
closed in accordance with the practice under £	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	3 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-55</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray	vn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) is/are rejected.						
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· ·	la atiana na ausina na ant					
8) Claim(s) <u>1-55</u> are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
TT) The oath of declaration is objected to by the Ex	ammer, Note the attached Office	ACTION OF IONIT P IV	J-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been received i (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No d in this National S	Stage			
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4)					
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	5) Notice of Informal Pa					
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6)					

DETAILED ACTION

Claims 1-55 are pending.

Election/Restrictions

1. Restriction is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 and 372.

This application contains the following inventions or groups of inventions which are not so linked as to form a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1.

In accordance with 37 CFR 1.499, applicant is required, in reply to this action, to elect a single invention to which the claims must be restricted.

Group I, claim(s) 1-16 (in part), 17, drawn to a method for increasing metabolic flux through the pentose phosphate pathway by using a microorganism comprising a deregulated gene encoding fructose-1,6-biphosphatase, wherein the deregulated gene is overexpressed or has increased activity.

Group II, claim(s) 1-16 (in part), 18-21, drawn to a method for increasing metabolic flux through the pentose phosphate pathway by using a microorganism comprising a deregulated gene fructose-1,6-biphosphatase, wherein the deregulated gene is attenuated or has a decreased activity.

Group III, claim(s) 22-25, 26-33, 38-47, drawn to a method for producing fine chemical comprising culturing a microorganism in which a fructose-1,6-biphosphatase biosynthetic gene or enzyme is over-expressed or increased such that the fine chemical is produced.

Group IV, claim(s) 22-25 (in part), 34-37, 38-47 (in part), drawn to a method for producing fine chemical comprising culturing a microorganism in which fructose-1,6-biphosphatase

biosynthetic gene or enzyme is decreased, accumulating the fine chemical and thereby

producing fine chemical.

Group V, claim(s) 48-54, drawn to a recombinant microorganism which has deregulated pentose

phosphate biosynthesis pathway.

Group VI, claim(s) 55, drawn to a polypeptide encoded by SEO ID NO: 1 having fructose 1,6-

biphosphatase activity.

2. The inventions listed as Groups I - VI do not relate to a single general inventive concept

under PCT Rule 13.1 because, under PCT Rule 13.2, they lack the same or corresponding special

technical features for the following reasons: The polypeptide encoded by SEQ ID NO: 1 having

fructose 1,6-biphosphatase activity of Group VI and recombinant microorganism of Group V,

each unrelated and chemically distinct entities. The only shared technical feature of these groups

is that they all relate to polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide having fructose 1,6-biphosphatase

activity. However, this shared technical feature is not a "special technical feature" as defined by

PCT Rule 13.2 as it does not define a contribution over the art. According to the search report

(PCT form 210), a DNA encoding a fructose-1,6-biphosphatase enzyme and a recombinant

microorganism comprising said DNA is known in the art (Rittmann et al. Arch Microbiol, 2003,

180: 285-292, see IDS). Thus, a DNA encoding a fructose-1,6-biphosphatase enzyme and a

recombinant microorganism comprising said DNA does not make contribution over the prior art

and lacks unity of invention.

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3. The polypeptide of Group VI does not share any "special technical feature" with Group V as the polypeptide of Group VI is neither made nor used by the recombinant microorganism of Group V.

- 4. A method of Group I does not share any "special technical feature" with Group VI as the polypeptide of Group VI is neither made nor used by the method of Group I.
- 5. A method of Group II does not share any "special technical feature" with Group VI as the polypeptide of Group VI is neither made nor used by the method of Group I.
- 6. A method of Group III does not share any "special technical feature" with Group VI as the polypeptide of Group VI is neither made nor used by the method of Group I.
- 7. A method of Group IV does not share any "special technical feature" with Group VI as the polypeptide of Group VI is neither made nor used by the method of Group I.
- 8. The methods of Groups I-IV do not have unity of invention with each other as each methods comprises unrelated steps, and use different products and produce different effects.
- 37 CFR 1.475 does not provide for multiple products and/or methods within a single application. Therefore, inventions of Group I VI lack unity of invention.

Restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper because all these inventions listed in this action are independent or distinct for the reasons given above and there would be a serious search and examination burden if restriction were not required because one or more of the following reasons apply:

(a) the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art in view of their different classification;

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(b) the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art due to their recognized divergent subject matter;

- (c) the inventions require a different field of search (for example, searching different classes/subclasses or electronic resources, or employing different search queries);
- (d) the prior art applicable to one invention would not likely be applicable to another invention;
- (e) the inventions are likely to raise different non-prior art issues under 35 U.S.C. 101 and/or 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete <u>must</u> include

(i) an election of a invention to be examined even though the requirement may be traversed (37 CFR 1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected invention.

The election of an invention may be made with or without traverse. To reserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse. Traversal must be presented at the time of election in order to be considered timely. Failure to timely traverse the requirement will result in the loss of right to petition under 37 CFR 1.144. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which of these claims are readable on the elected invention.

If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which of these claims are readable upon the elected invention.

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the inventions are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the

inventions to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

The examiner has required restriction between product and process claims. Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and a product claim is subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be rejoined in accordance with the provisions of MPEP § 821.04. Process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the patentable product will be entered as a matter of right if the amendment is presented prior to final rejection or allowance, whichever is earlier. Amendments submitted after final rejection are governed by 37 CFR 1.116; amendments submitted after allowance are governed by 37 CFR 1.312.

In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103, and 112. Until an elected product claim is found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowed product claim will not be rejoined. See "Guidance on Treatment of Product and Process Claims in light of *In re Ochiai, In re Brouwer* and 35 U.S.C. § 103(b)," 1184 O.G. 86 (March 26, 1996). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, Applicant is advised that the

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process claims should be amended during prosecution either to maintain dependency on the product claims or to otherwise include the limitations of the product claims. Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Iqbal Chowdhury whose telephone number is 571-272-8137. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:00-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nashaat T. Nashed can be reached on 571-272-0934. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Iqbal H. Chowdhury, Ph.D., Patent Examiner Art Unit 1652 (Recombinant enzymes) Rm. REM 2B69, Mail Box- 2C70 US Patent and Trademark Office Ph. 571-272-8137, Fax. 571-273-8137

/Iqbal H. Chowdhury/ Examiner, Art Unit 1652